

# Sickle cell disease

## What is sickle cell disease?

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Sickle cell disease is a blood disorder affecting haemoglobin production. Haemoglobin is a protein in the blood that carries oxygen around our bodies.

Sickle cell disease is passed from parent to child in genes. Genes carry information about human characteristics such as eye colour, hair colour and haemoglobin.

**Sickle cell disease is inherited.**

**Sickle cell disease is not contagious.**

**Sickle cell disease is not transmitted by germs.**

Sometimes changes occur to genes, resulting in medical conditions. Such changes occur to beta ( $\beta$ ) globin genes in sickle cell disease:

- A person normally inherits two  $\beta$  globin genes for the production of the beta globin protein in haemoglobin.
- A person may have the sickle alteration (mutation) in one of their two  $\beta$  globin genes. This person is called a **sickle cell carrier** and is **healthy**.
- Carriers may be at risk of having a child affected with sickle cell disease if their partner is also a sickle cell carrier.
- When a person has the sickle alteration (mutation) in **one** of their  $\beta$  globin genes, and they have a certain alteration in their other  $\beta$  globin gene they may have a condition called sickle cell disease.

## Treatment

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Those with sickle cell disease require regular medical management to prevent and manage short and long term complications.

## The health of sickle cell carriers

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A carrier can expect to be **healthy** and should discuss their carrier state with their doctor.

## Sickle cell disease and family planning

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The genes for sickle cell disease are common in people of African, Middle Eastern, Southern European, Indian, Pakistani and Caribbean origin.

Couples planning a family, or early in pregnancy, should have a blood test to determine whether or not they are carriers, if the origin of either of their families is one of the areas listed above; or if they have a family history of any blood disorder or disease. This test is needed to determine if there is any risk of having a child affected by a genetic blood disorder.

Those at risk of having an affected child have options. This condition can be diagnosed as early as the 12th week of pregnancy. Termination of pregnancy can then be considered, if appropriate. People can adopt or can consider assisted reproductive techniques (such as the use of donor eggs or donor sperm). Others may choose to take the chance of having an affected child. All of these options can be discussed with a Genetic Counsellor. Testing can be arranged by your local doctor or by contacting the hospitals listed at the end of this pamphlet.

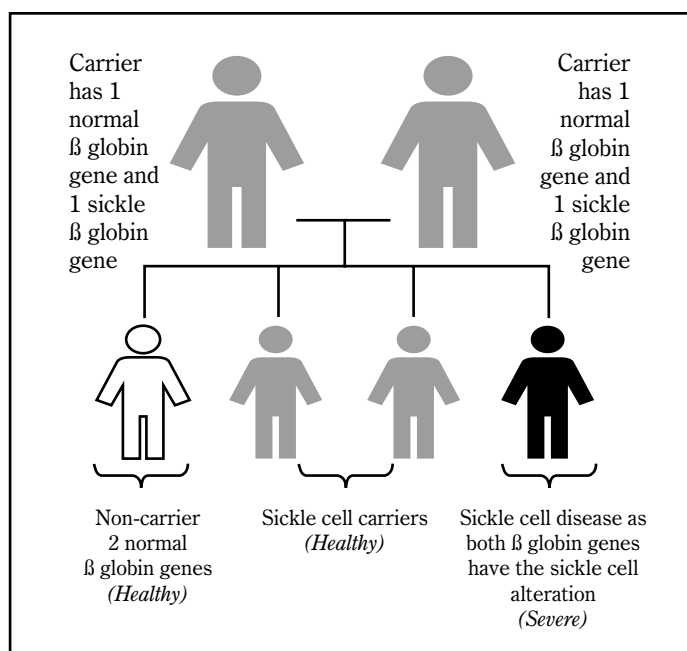
## Important information for your family

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If you are a carrier of the HbS gene (sickle alteration) other members of your family may also be carriers and at risk of having children with a severe blood condition. It is recommended that other family members **and** their partners be tested for their carrier status **prior** to having children of their own.

## Chances of having a child affected by sickle cell disease

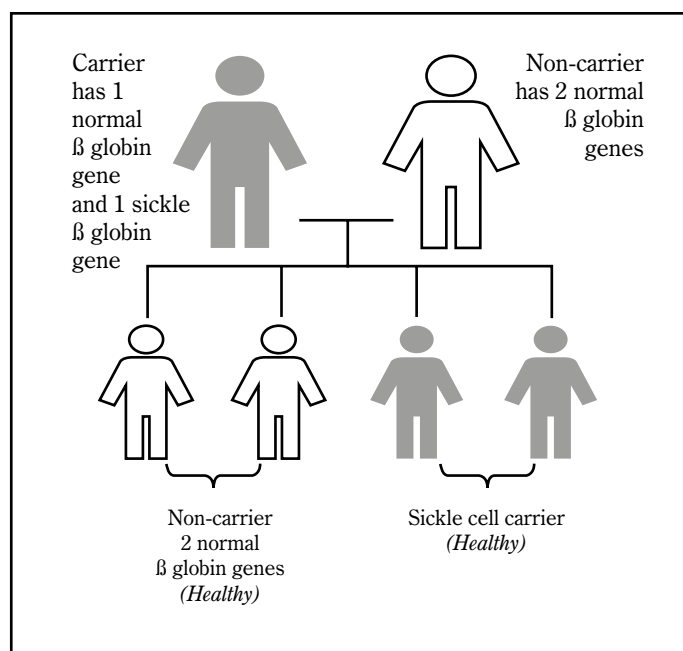
**Figure 1:**  
Both parents are sickle cell carriers



With **each** pregnancy, this couple has a:

- 1 in 4 chance of having a child with 2 normal  $\beta$  globin genes.
- 2 in 4 chance of having a sickle cell carrier.
- 1 in 4 chance of sickle cell disease.

**Figure 2:**  
Only one parent is a sickle cell carrier



With **each** pregnancy, this couple has a:

- 2 in 4 chance of having a child with 2 normal  $\beta$  globin genes.
- 2 in 4 chance of having a sickle cell carrier.

This fact sheet has been translated into a number of different languages and they are available to download at [www.thalassaemia.org.au](http://www.thalassaemia.org.au)

### Useful contacts

**Royal Perth Hospital**  
Wellington Street, Perth WA 6000  
Phone: +61 8 9224 2244

**Princess Margaret Hospital for Children**  
Roberts Road, Subiaco WA 6008  
Phone: +61 8 9340 8222

**Haematology Care Centre**  
Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital  
Hospital Avenue, Nedlands WA 6009  
Phone: +61 8 9346 7600



Thalassaemia Australia Inc.  
333 Waverley Road  
Mount Waverley VIC  
AUSTRALIA 3149

Phone: +61 3 9888 2211  
Fax: +61 3 9888 2150  
Email: [info@thalassaemia.org.au](mailto:info@thalassaemia.org.au)  
Website: [www.thalassaemia.org.au](http://www.thalassaemia.org.au)